

PPPs for climate change

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Public–private partnerships (PPPs) have been acclaimed to be the main cooperation in the market which have been adopted in many countries. In many cases, this cooperation is insufficient to bring about the need of both sides. People and communities have been the most vulnerable actors in PPPs scenarios, often excluded from partnerships. This sector particularly concerning the communities is called Plural which is unfortunately in need of its rightful place in the market. When one sector of society becomes dominant—as the public sector did under communism and the private sector is now doing in the name of capitalism—societies go out of balance and people suffer. A healthy society requires a respected public sector, a responsible private sector, and a robust plural sector. Thus, in this paper, cooperation and conflicts around these three sectors were analyzed respectively in examples from Hungary, Brazil, Mongolia. Moreover, as the global change is taking over, each sector is particularly applying several methods for their activity and production against climate change. In other words, this study will give insight into how the sectors cooperate under the same goal which is Climate change despite the controversy between them. Focusing government regulations, tariffs, taxes, government programs and multilateral agreements (Public Sector). Analyzing, in the private sector, the actions which the corporate world have been done to reduce the climate change effects. And last, the most emphasized, since is the newest one, the activism responsibility from the Plural sector.